Curtis 1206AC E-Z-GO RXV

This sheet is provided to aid in the installation of your remanufactured Curtis Electric controller. Upon installation, you may encounter problems that may, or may not, be due to a faulty controller. The following steps must be taken to help diagnose a possible cart fault or faulty controller. An analog or digital volt ohm meter (VOM) will be needed to perform these checks.



WARRANTY WILL BE VOID

STEPS TO PERFORM **BEFORE** CONTROL INSTALLATION

BEFORE INSTALLATION:

- □ Place rear on jack stands (wheels off the ground)
- $\hfill\square$ Use proper eye protection and tools when working with electrical equipment

Disconnect the batteries

<u>CHECK MOTOR PHASES</u>: Set your VOM to RESISTANCE (Ω). (NOTE: Motor Resistance between U, V, and W is 6.8 – 8.36 milliohms. Most DVM meters will not read this. Test below for open windings)

 \Box With your motor disconnected, measure U to V. This <u>should</u> measure BETWEEN .5 Ω and 1 Ω .

 \Box With your motor disconnected, measure V to W. This <u>should</u> measure BETWEEN .5 Ω and 1 Ω .

 \Box With your motor disconnected, measure W to U. This <u>should</u> measure BETWEEN .5 Ω and 1 Ω .

 \Box Motor disconnected, measure U, V, & W to Motor Frame. This <u>must</u> measure greater than 5MΩ <u>CHECK MAIN SOLENOID</u>:

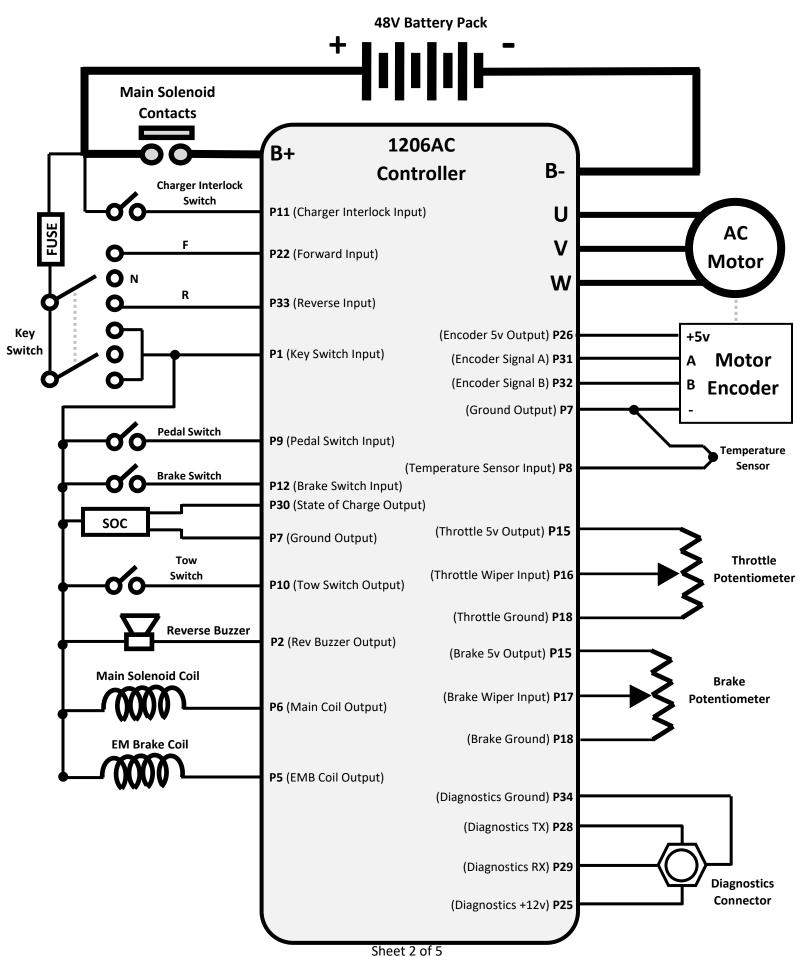
- \Box Disconnect all wires from the main solenoid. Set your VOM to RESISTANCE (Ω).
- \Box Measure the solenoid coil. This <u>should</u> measure between 95 and 115 ohms.
- Connect VOM leads to the main solenoid lugs.
- Attach jumpers from main battery positive and negative to the coil (small terminals).
- \Box Meter <u>must</u> jump from infinity to LESS THAN .3 Ω .
- □ Remove jumpers and reconnect solenoid wiring from the harness. (If suppression diode is present, The non-banded side <u>must</u> go to the Red/Black wire from pin 6 of controller.)

CHECK BRAKE COIL

Set your VOM to RESISTANCE (Ω). Measure the brake coil. Should measure approx. 25Ω at room temp.

CHECK THE CART WIRE HARNESS:

Check the connectors on the wire harness for corrosion, loose, broken, burnt or missing pins. IF ANY OF THE ABOVE ITEMS ARE NOT WITHIN THE SPECIFICED RANGES THE CONTROLLER WILL FAIL. THESE ITEMS MUST BE CORRECTED BEFORE THE CONTROLLER IS INSTALLED OR WARRANTY MAY BE VOID.



⁷⁷⁻E-Z-GO RXV 1206AC Install Troubleshooting Sheet-370 Rev 01 1/10/2025

RXV POWER-UP SEQUENCE

During the first second after turning the key on, the vehicle performs several system checks:

- Electric Brake Test: The controller attempts to rotate the motor a quarterturn in each direction.
- **Reverse Alarm Test**: The reverse alarm is activated briefly for 100 milliseconds.
- Charger Connection Test: The controller verifies whether the charging port is connected to a charger.
- Throttle Switch Verification: The throttle switch must be in the "open" position to pass the startup procedure.
- **Throttle Position Check**: The controller ensures the throttle position sensor (TPS) indicates 0% throttle.
- Throttle Range Test: The controller confirms the TPS operates within the expected open and closed range.

If any issues are detected in these systems, the vehicle will not operate.

The Curtis Hand Held Diagnostic unit is used for programming, testing, troubleshooting, tuning, diagnosing and parameter adjustments for speed controller and auxiliary devices.





Note: Many fault codes will disable the EM Brake and/or Main Solenoid until the fault condition is cleared.

Curtis 1206AC RXV Troubleshooting Sequence

FOR SAFETY, ALWAYS LIFT THE DRIVE WHEELS OFF THE GROUND WHEN TROUBLESHOOTING!

ALL TESTS ARE CONDUCTED WITH A GOOD BATTERY PACK VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT. ALSO, THE CONNECTOR MUST BE ATTACHED TO THE CONTROLLER WHEN MAKING THESE CHECKS. YOU WILL NEED TO 'BACK PROBE' THE PINS FROM THE WIRE SIDE OF THE CONNECTOR. USE A PAPERCLIP IF NECESSARY.

Attach voltmeter negative (-) lead to main battery - for the following tests

Use the following sequence when checking individual pins (don't skip steps). If you find a fault, do not move on to the next step until the fault is corrected:

- □ Measure the voltage at the main battery positive post (let's call it Pack Voltage)
- **Pin 11** With Charger <u>NOT</u> plugged in, must be > 16v
 - If not >16v, check Charger Interlock input and wiring for an open/shorted condition
- **Pin 11** With Tow Switch <u>NOT</u> set in Tow, must be approximately Pack Voltage
 - If not Pack Voltage, check Tow Switch input and wiring for an open/shorted condition
- **Pin 1** With Key Switch set to Forward or Reverse, must be approximately Pack Voltage
 - If not approximately Pack Voltage, check Key Switch input, Main Input Fuse, and wiring for an open/shorted condition
- □ Pin 22 With Key Switch set to Forward, must be approximately Pack Voltage
 - If not approximately Pack Voltage, check Key Switch input, Main Input Fuse, and wiring for an open/shorted condition
- □ Pin 33 With Key Switch set to Reverse, must be approximately Pack Voltage
 - If not approximately Pack Voltage, check Key Switch input, Main Input Fuse, and wiring for an open/shorted condition

Pin 2 With Key Switch set to Reverse, must be approximately 0v and reverse buzzer should sound

- If not approximately 0v, Reverse Buzzer and wiring for an open/shorted condition. If this tests good, controller may be faulty
- **Pin 9** With Pedal Switch engaged, must be approximately Pack Voltage
 - If not approx. Pack Voltage, check Pedal Switch input and wiring for an open/shorted condition
- Pin 10 With Tow/Run in Run, must be approximately 0 Volts (Pin 10 will read Pack voltage in TOW Position)
 - If not approximately 0 Volts, check Tow/Run input and wiring for an open/shorted condition
- **Pin 12** With Brake Switch engaged, must be approximately Pack Voltage
 - If not approx. Pack Voltage, check Brake Switch input and wiring for an open/shorted condition
- □ Pin 6 With Key Switch engaged, must be approximately 0v, and solenoid should engage
 - If not approximately 0v, check Solenoid Coil and wiring for an open/shorted condition. If this tests good, controller may be faulty
- □ **Pin 15** Must be approximately 5v
 - If not approximately 5v, check wiring for an open/shorted condition. If this tests good, controller may be faulty. A faulty Throttle or Brake sensor could affect 5v output.
- □ **Pin 18** Must be approximately 0v
 - If not approximately 0v, check wiring for an open/shorted condition. If this tests good, controller may be faulty
- \Box Pin 16 With Throttle Pedal Up, must be approximately 0.5v, but no less than 0.35v
 - If not approximately 0.5v, check Throttle assembly and wiring for an open/shorted condition.

Pin 16 With Throttle Pedal Fully Depressed, must be < approximately 4.8v

 If not approximately 4.8v, check Throttle assembly and wiring for an open/shorted condition.

Pin 17 With Brake Pedal Up, must be approximately 0.5v, but no less than 0.35v

 If not approximately 0.5v, check Brake assembly and wiring for an open/shorted condition.

Pin 17 With Brake Pedal Fully Depressed, must be approximately 4.8v

 If not approximately 0.5v, check Brake assembly and wiring for an open/shorted condition.

Pin 17 With Brake Pedal Fully Depressed, must be approximately 4.8v

 If not approximately 4.8v, check Brake assembly and wiring for an open/shorted condition.

Pin 26 Must be approximately 5v

 If not approximately 5v, check wiring for an open/shorted condition. If this tests good, controller may be faulty

Pin 7 Must be approximately 0v, check Motor Encoder, Temperature Sensor, and wiring for an open/shorted condition. If this tests good, controller may be faulty

□ **Pin 31 & Pin 32** With the Tow Switch Engaged, and the Key Switch set to Neutral, measure across the two pins. Rotating the drive wheel should show 0-5v

- If not approximately 0-5v, check Encoder, Motor, and wiring for an open/shorted condition.

Helpful Hints

DO NOT UNDER ESTIMATE THE IMPORTANCE OF MOTOR RESISTANCE CHECKS AND MAIN SOLENOID CHECKS. MANY CART ISSUES ARE CAUSED BY MOTOR ISSUES THAT WILL BE FOUND AS PART OF THE SHORTED PHASE CHECKS. ALSO SHORTED PHASES WITHIN THE MOTOR <u>WILL</u> DAMAGE THIS CONTROLLER.

